#### AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 26, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

# **ASSEMBLY BILL**

## No. 1102

### Introduced by Assembly Member Santiago

February 27, 2015

An act to amend Section 1569.31 1399.849 of the Health and Safety Code, *and to amend Section 10965.3 of the Insurance Code*, relating to residential care facilities for the elderly. *health care coverage*.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1102, as amended, Santiago. Residential care facilities for the elderly. *Health care coverage: special enrollment periods: triggering event.* 

Existing federal law, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), enacts various health care coverage market reforms as of January 1, 2014. Among other things, PPACA requires each state, by January 1, 2014, to establish an American Health Benefit Exchange that facilitates the purchase of qualified health plans by qualified individuals and qualified small employers, and requires each exchange to provide for an initial open enrollment period, annual open enrollment periods, and special enrollment periods.

Existing law, the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975, provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Existing law also provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Existing law requires a health care service plan or health insurer, on and after October 1, 2013, to offer, market, and sell all of the plan's or insurer's health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market for policy years on

### **AB 1102**

or after January 1, 2014, to all individuals and dependents in each service area in which the plan or insurer provides or arranges for the provision of health care services, as specified, but requires plans and insurers to limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to specified open enrollment and special enrollment periods. Existing law requires a health care service plan and health insurer to allow an individual to enroll in or change individual health benefit plans as a result of specified triggering events, including that he or she gains a dependent.

This bill would require a health care service plan or health insurer to allow an individual to enroll or change individual health benefits if the individual becomes pregnant. Because a willful violation of this requirement by a health care service plan would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Existing law provides for the licensure of residential care facilities for the elderly by the State Department of Social Services, including prescribing standards of safety and sanitation for the physical plant and standards for basic care and supervision, personal care, and services to be provided. Violation of these provisions is a crime.

This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to these provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

### The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 1399.849 of the Health and Safety Code 2 is amended to read:

1399.849. (a) (1) On and after October 1, 2013, a plan shall
fairly and affirmatively offer, market, and sell all of the plan's
health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market for policy
years on or after January 1, 2014, to all individuals and dependents
in each service area in which the plan provides or arranges for the
provision of health care services. A plan shall limit enrollment in
individual health benefit plans to open enrollment periods, annual

enrollment periods, and special enrollment periods as provided in
 subdivisions (c) and (d).

3 (2) A plan shall allow the subscriber of an individual health 4 benefit plan to add a dependent to the subscriber's plan at the 5 option of the subscriber, consistent with the open enrollment, 6 annual enrollment, and special enrollment period requirements in 7 this section.

8 (b) An individual health benefit plan issued, amended, or 9 renewed on or after January 1, 2014, shall not impose any 10 preexisting condition provision upon any individual.

11 (c) (1) A plan shall provide an initial open enrollment period 12 from October 1, 2013, to March 31, 2014, inclusive, an annual 13 enrollment period for the policy year beginning on January 1, 2015,

14 from November 15, 2014, to February 15, 2015, inclusive, and

annual enrollment periods for policy years beginning on or after
January 1, 2016, from October 15 to December 7, inclusive, of the
preceding calendar year.

(2) Pursuant to Section 147.104(b)(2) of Title 45 of the Code
of Federal Regulations, for individuals enrolled in noncalendar

year individual health plan contracts, a plan shall also provide a
 limited open enrollment period beginning on the date that is 30

22 calendar days prior to the date the policy year ends in 2014.

(d) (1) Subject to paragraph (2), commencing January 1, 2014,
a plan shall allow an individual to enroll in or change individual

health benefit plans as a result of the following triggering events:
(A) He or she or his or her dependent loses minimum essential
coverage. For purposes of this paragraph, the following definitions

28 shall apply:

(i) "Minimum essential coverage" has the same meaning as that
term is defined in subsection (f) of Section 5000A of the Internal
Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 5000A).

(ii) "Loss of minimum essential coverage" includes, but is notlimited to, loss of that coverage due to the circumstances described

in Section 54.9801-6(a)(3)(i) to (iii), inclusive, of Title 26 of the

35 Code of Federal Regulations and the circumstances described in

36 Section 1163 of Title 29 of the United States Code. "Loss of

37 minimum essential coverage" also includes loss of that coverage

38 for a reason that is not due to the fault of the individual.

39 (iii) "Loss of minimum essential coverage" does not include 40 loss of that coverage due to the individual's failure to pay

- 1 premiums on a timely basis or situations allowing for a rescission,
- 2 subject to clause (ii) and Sections 1389.7 and 1389.21.
- 3 (B) He or she gains a dependent or becomes a dependent.
- 4 (C) He or she is mandated to be covered as a dependent pursuant
- 5 to a valid state or federal court order.
- 6 (D) He or she has been released from incarceration.
- 7 (E) His or her health coverage issuer substantially violated a
- 8 material provision of the health coverage contract.
- 9 (F) He or she gains access to new health benefit plans as a result 10 of a permanent move.
- 11 (G) He or she was receiving services from a contracting provider 12 under another health benefit plan, as defined in Section 1399.845
- under another health benefit plan, as defined in Section 1399.845of this code or Section 10965 of the Insurance Code, for one of
- the conditions described in subdivision (c) of Section 1373.96 and
- 15 that provider is no longer participating in the health benefit plan.
- 16 (H) He or she demonstrates to the Exchange, with respect to 17 health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, or to the 18 department, with respect to health benefit plans offered outside 19 the Exchange, that he or she did not enroll in a health benefit plan 20 during the immediately preceding enrollment period available to 21 the individual because he or she was misinformed that he or she
- 22 was covered under minimum essential coverage.
- (I) He or she is a member of the reserve forces of the United
   States military returning from active duty or a member of the
   California National Guard returning from active duty service under
- 26 Title 32 of the United States Code.
- 27 (J) An individual becomes pregnant.
- 28 <del>(J)</del>
- (K) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered
  through the Exchange, in addition to the triggering events listed
  in this paragraph, any other events listed in Section 155.420(d) of
- 32 Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 33 (2) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered34 outside the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the
- 35 date of a triggering event identified in paragraph (1) to apply for
- 36 coverage from a health care service plan subject to this section.
- 37 With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the
- 38 Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a
- 39 triggering event identified in paragraph (1) to select a plan offered
- 40 through the Exchange, unless a longer period is provided in Part
  - 98

1 155 (commencing with Section 155.10) of Subchapter B of Subtitle
 2 A of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

(e) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered
through the Exchange, the effective date of coverage required
pursuant to this section shall be consistent with the dates specified
in Section 155.410 or 155.420 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal
Regulations, as applicable. A dependent who is a registered
domestic partner pursuant to Section 297 of the Family Code shall
have the same effective date of coverage as a spouse.
(f) With respect to individual health h

(f) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered outsidethe Exchange, the following provisions shall apply:

(1) After an individual submits a completed application form
for a plan contract, the health care service plan shall, within 30
days, notify the individual of the individual's actual premium
charges for that plan established in accordance with Section
1399.855. The individual shall have 30 days in which to exercise
the right to buy coverage at the quoted premium charges.

18 (2) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which 19 an individual applies during the initial open enrollment period 20 described in subdivision (c), when the subscriber submits a 21 premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that 22 payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, by 23 December 15, 2013, coverage under the individual health benefit 24 plan shall become effective no later than January 1, 2014. When 25 that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days 26 of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later 27 than the first day of the following month. When that payment is 28 delivered or postmarked between December 16, 2013, and 29 December 31, 2013, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any 30 subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than 31 the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark 32 of the payment.

33 (3) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which 34 an individual applies during the annual open enrollment period described in subdivision (c), when the individual submits a 35 36 premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that 37 payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs later, by 38 December 15, coverage shall become effective as of the following 39 January 1. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within 40 the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become

1 effective no later than the first day of the following month. When

2 that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16

3 and December 31, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent

4 month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day

5 of the second month following delivery or postmark of the 6 payment.

7 (4) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which 8 an individual applies during a special enrollment period described 9 in subdivision (d), the following provisions shall apply:

(A) When the individual submits a premium payment, based 10 on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or 11 12 postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, within the first 15 days of the month, coverage under the plan shall become effective no later 13 14 than the first day of the following month. When the premium 15 payment is neither delivered nor postmarked until after the 15th day of the month, coverage shall become effective no later than 16 17 the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark 18 of the payment.

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case of a birth,
adoption, or placement for adoption, the coverage shall be effective
on the date of birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

(C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case of marriage
or becoming a registered domestic partner or in the case where a
qualified individual loses minimum essential coverage, the
coverage effective date shall be the first day of the month following
the date the plan receives the request for special enrollment.

(g) (1) A health care service plan shall not establish rules for
eligibility, including continued eligibility, of any individual to
enroll under the terms of an individual health benefit plan based
on any of the following factors:

31 (A) Health status.

32 (B) Medical condition, including physical and mental illnesses.

- 33 (C) Claims experience.
- 34 (D) Receipt of health care.
- 35 (E) Medical history.
- 36 (F) Genetic information.

37 (G) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out

- 38 of acts of domestic violence.
- 39 (H) Disability.

(I) Any other health status-related factor as determined by any
 federal regulations, rules, or guidance issued pursuant to Section
 2705 of the federal Public Health Service Act.

4 (2) Notwithstanding Section 1389.1, a health care service plan 5 shall not require an individual applicant or his or her dependent 6 to fill out a health assessment or medical questionnaire prior to 7 enrollment under an individual health benefit plan. A health care 8 service plan shall not acquire or request information that relates 9 to a health status-related factor from the applicant or his or her 10 dependent or any other source prior to enrollment of the individual. 11 (h) (1) A health care service plan shall consider as a single risk 12 pool for rating purposes in the individual market the claims 13 experience of all insureds and all enrollees in all nongrandfathered individual health benefit plans offered by that health care service 14 15 plan in this state, whether offered as health care service plan 16 contracts or individual health insurance policies, including those 17 insureds and enrollees who enroll in individual coverage through 18 the Exchange and insureds and enrollees who enroll in individual 19 coverage outside of the Exchange. Student health insurance 20 coverage, as that coverage is defined in Section 147.145(a) of Title 21 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, shall not be included in a 22 health care service plan's single risk pool for individual coverage. 23 (2) Each calendar year, a health care service plan shall establish 24 an index rate for the individual market in the state based on the 25 total combined claims costs for providing essential health benefits, 26 as defined pursuant to Section 1302 of PPACA, within the single 27 risk pool required under paragraph (1). The index rate shall be 28 adjusted on a marketwide basis based on the total expected 29 marketwide payments and charges under the risk adjustment and 30 reinsurance programs established for the state pursuant to Sections 31 1343 and 1341 of PPACA and Exchange user fees, as described 32 in subdivision (d) of Section 156.80 of Title 45 of the Code of 33 Federal Regulations. The premium rate for all of the health benefit 34 plans in the individual market within the single risk pool required 35 under paragraph (1) shall use the applicable marketwide adjusted 36 index rate, subject only to the adjustments permitted under 37 paragraph (3). 38

(3) A health care service plan may vary premium rates for aparticular health benefit plan from its index rate based only on the

40 following actuarially justified plan-specific factors:

1	(A) The actuarial value and cost-sharing design of the health
2	benefit plan.
3	(B) The health benefit plan's provider network, delivery system
4	characteristics, and utilization management practices.
5	(C) The benefits provided under the health benefit plan that are
6	in addition to the essential health benefits, as defined pursuant to
7	Section 1302 of PPACA and Section 1367.005. These additional
8	benefits shall be pooled with similar benefits within the single risk
9	pool required under paragraph (1) and the claims experience from
10	those benefits shall be utilized to determine rate variations for
11	plans that offer those benefits in addition to essential health
12	benefits.
13	(D) With respect to catastrophic plans, as described in subsection
14	(e) of Section 1302 of PPACA, the expected impact of the specific
15	eligibility categories for those plans.
16	(E) Administrative costs, excluding user fees required by the
17	Exchange.
18	(i) This section shall only apply with respect to individual health
19	benefit plans for policy years on or after January 1, 2014.
20	(j) This section shall not apply to a grandfathered health plan.
21	(k) If Section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code, as added
22	by Section 1501 of PPACA, is repealed or amended to no longer
23	apply to the individual market, as defined in Section 2791 of the
24	federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91),
25	subdivisions (a), (b), and (g) shall become inoperative 12 months
26	after that repeal or amendment.
27	SEC. 2. Section 10965.3 of the Insurance Code is amended to
28	read:
29	10965.3. (a) (1) On and after October 1, 2013, a health insurer
30	shall fairly and affirmatively offer, market, and sell all of the
31	insurer's health benefit plans that are sold in the individual market
32	for policy years on or after January 1, 2014, to all individuals and
33	dependents in each service area in which the insurer provides or
34	arranges for the provision of health care services. A health insurer
35	shall limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to open

- 35 shall limit enrollment in individual health benefit plans to open36 enrollment periods, annual enrollment periods, and special
- 37 enrollment periods as provided in subdivisions (c) and (d).
- 38 (2) A health insurer shall allow the policyholder of an individual
- 39 health benefit plan to add a dependent to the policyholder's health
- 40 benefit plan at the option of the policyholder, consistent with the

open enrollment, annual enrollment, and special enrollment period
 requirements in this section.

3 (b) An individual health benefit plan issued, amended, or 4 renewed on or after January 1, 2014, shall not impose any 5 preexisting condition provision upon any individual.

6 (c) (1) A health insurer shall provide an initial open enrollment 7 period from October 1, 2013, to March 31, 2014, inclusive, an 8 annual enrollment period for the policy year beginning on January 9 1, 2015, from November 15, 2014, to February 15, 2015, inclusive, 10 and annual enrollment periods for policy years beginning on or 11 after January 1, 2016, from October 15 to December 7, inclusive, 12 of the preceding calendar year.

(2) Pursuant to Section 147.104(b)(2) of Title 45 of the Code
of Federal Regulations, for individuals enrolled in noncalendar-year
individual health plan contracts, a health insurer shall also provide
a limited open enrollment period beginning on the date that is 30
calendar days prior to the date the policy year ends in 2014.

(d) (1) Subject to paragraph (2), commencing January 1, 2014,
a health insurer shall allow an individual to enroll in or change
individual health benefit plans as a result of the following triggering
events:

(A) He or she or his or her dependent loses minimum essential
coverage. For purposes of this paragraph, both of the following
definitions shall apply:

(i) "Minimum essential coverage" has the same meaning as that
term is defined in subsection (f) of Section 5000A of the Internal
Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 5000A).

(ii) "Loss of minimum essential coverage" includes, but is not
limited to, loss of that coverage due to the circumstances described
in Section 54.9801-6(a)(3)(i) to (iii), inclusive, of Title 26 of the
Code of Federal Regulations and the circumstances described in
Section 1163 of Title 29 of the United States Code. "Loss of

minimum essential coverage" also includes loss of that coverage
 for a reason that is not due to the fault of the individual.

(iii) "Loss of minimum essential coverage" does not include
loss of that coverage due to the individual's failure to pay
premiums on a timely basis or situations allowing for a rescission,

38 subject to clause (ii) and Sections 10119.2 and 10384.17.

39 (B) He or she gains a dependent or becomes a dependent.

1 (C) He or she is mandated to be covered as a dependent pursuant 2 to a valid state or federal court order.

3 (D) He or she has been released from incarceration.

4 (E) His or her health coverage issuer substantially violated a 5 material provision of the health coverage contract.

(F) He or she gains access to new health benefit plans as a result 6 7 of a permanent move.

8 (G) He or she was receiving services from a contracting provider 9 under another health benefit plan, as defined in Section 10965 of this code or Section 1399.845 of the Health and Safety Code, for 10

one of the conditions described in subdivision (a) of Section 11

12 10133.56 and that provider is no longer participating in the health 13 benefit plan.

14

(H) He or she demonstrates to the Exchange, with respect to 15 health benefit plans offered through the Exchange, or to the department, with respect to health benefit plans offered outside 16

17 the Exchange, that he or she did not enroll in a health benefit plan

18 during the immediately preceding enrollment period available to

19 the individual because he or she was misinformed that he or she

20 was covered under minimum essential coverage.

21 (I) He or she is a member of the reserve forces of the United 22 States military returning from active duty or a member of the

California National Guard returning from active duty service under 23

24 Title 32 of the United States Code.

25 (J) An individual becomes pregnant.

26  $(\mathbf{H})$ 

27 (K) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered 28 through the Exchange, in addition to the triggering events listed 29 in this paragraph, any other events listed in Section 155.420(d) of 30 Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

31 (2) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered 32 outside the Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a triggering event identified in paragraph (1) to apply for 33

34 coverage from a health care service plan subject to this section.

35 With respect to individual health benefit plans offered through the

Exchange, an individual shall have 60 days from the date of a 36

37 triggering event identified in paragraph (1) to select a plan offered

through the Exchange, unless a longer period is provided in Part 38

155 (commencing with Section 155.10) of Subchapter B of Subtitle 39

40 A of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

1 (e) With respect to individual health benefit plans offered 2 through the Exchange, the effective date of coverage required 3 pursuant to this section shall be consistent with the dates specified 4 in Section 155.410 or 155.420 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal 5 Regulations, as applicable. A dependent who is a registered 6 domestic partner pursuant to Section 297 of the Family Code shall 7 have the same effective date of coverage as a spouse.

8 (f) With respect to an individual health benefit plan offered 9 outside the Exchange, the following provisions shall apply:

10 (1) After an individual submits a completed application form 11 for a plan, the insurer shall, within 30 days, notify the individual 12 of the individual's actual premium charges for that plan established 13 in accordance with Section 10965.9. The individual shall have 30 14 days in which to exercise the right to buy coverage at the quoted 15 premium charges.

16 (2) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which 17 an individual applies during the initial open enrollment period 18 described in subdivision (c), when the policyholder submits a 19 premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that 20 payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, by 21 December 15, 2013, coverage under the individual health benefit 22 plan shall become effective no later than January 1, 2014. When 23 that payment is delivered or postmarked within the first 15 days 24 of any subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later 25 than the first day of the following month. When that payment is 26 delivered or postmarked between December 16, 2013, and 27 December 31, 2013, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any 28 subsequent month, coverage shall become effective no later than 29 the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark 30 of the payment. 31 (3) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which

32 an individual applies during the annual open enrollment period 33 described in subdivision (c), when the individual submits a 34 premium payment, based on the quoted premium charges, and that 35 payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs later, by 36 December 15, coverage shall become effective as of the following 37 January 1. When that payment is delivered or postmarked within 38 the first 15 days of any subsequent month, coverage shall become 39 effective no later than the first day of the following month. When 40 that payment is delivered or postmarked between December 16

and December 31, inclusive, or after the 15th day of any subsequent 1

2 month, coverage shall become effective no later than the first day

3 of the second month following delivery or postmark of the 4 payment.

5 (4) With respect to an individual health benefit plan for which

an individual applies during a special enrollment period described 6 in subdivision (d), the following provisions shall apply: 7

8 (A) When the individual submits a premium payment, based 9 on the quoted premium charges, and that payment is delivered or postmarked, whichever occurs earlier, within the first 15 days of 10 11 the month, coverage under the plan shall become effective no later 12 than the first day of the following month. When the premium 13 payment is neither delivered nor postmarked until after the 15th 14 day of the month, coverage shall become effective no later than 15 the first day of the second month following delivery or postmark 16 of the payment.

17 (B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case of a birth, 18 adoption, or placement for adoption, the coverage shall be effective 19 on the date of birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

20 (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in the case of marriage 21 or becoming a registered domestic partner or in the case where a 22 qualified individual loses minimum essential coverage, the 23 coverage effective date shall be the first day of the month following 24 the date the insurer receives the request for special enrollment.

25 (g) (1) A health insurer shall not establish rules for eligibility, 26 including continued eligibility, of any individual to enroll under

27 the terms of an individual health benefit plan based on any of the 28 following factors:

29 (A) Health status.

30 (B) Medical condition, including physical and mental illnesses.

31 (C) Claims experience.

32 (D) Receipt of health care.

33 (E) Medical history.

34 (F) Genetic information.

35 (G) Evidence of insurability, including conditions arising out

of acts of domestic violence. 36

(H) Disability. 37

38 (I) Any other health status-related factor as determined by any

39 federal regulations, rules, or guidance issued pursuant to Section

40 2705 of the federal Public Health Service Act.

1 (2) Notwithstanding subdivision (c) of Section 10291.5, a health 2 insurer shall not require an individual applicant or his or her 3 dependent to fill out a health assessment or medical questionnaire 4 prior to enrollment under an individual health benefit plan. A health 5 insurer shall not acquire or request information that relates to a 6 health status-related factor from the applicant or his or her 7 dependent or any other source prior to enrollment of the individual. 8 (h) (1) A health insurer shall consider as a single risk pool for 9 rating purposes in the individual market the claims experience of 10 all insureds and enrollees in all nongrandfathered individual health 11 benefit plans offered by that insurer in this state, whether offered 12 as health care service plan contracts or individual health insurance 13 policies, including those insureds and enrollees who enroll in 14 individual coverage through the Exchange and insureds and 15 enrollees who enroll in individual coverage outside the Exchange. 16 Student health insurance coverage, as such coverage is defined in 17 Section 147.145(a) of Title 45 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 18 shall not be included in a health insurer's single risk pool for 19 individual coverage. 20 (2) Each calendar year, a health insurer shall establish an index 21 rate for the individual market in the state based on the total 22 combined claims costs for providing essential health benefits, as 23 defined pursuant to Section 1302 of PPACA, within the single risk 24 pool required under paragraph (1). The index rate shall be adjusted 25 on a marketwide basis based on the total expected marketwide 26 payments and charges under the risk adjustment and reinsurance 27 programs established for the state pursuant to Sections 1343 and 28 1341 of PPACA and Exchange user fees, as described in

subdivision (d) of Section 156.80 of Title 45 of the Code of Federal

30 Regulations. The premium rate for all of the health benefit plans 31 in the individual market within the single risk pool required under

32 paragraph (1) shall use the applicable marketwide adjusted index

rate, subject only to the adjustments permitted under paragraph(3).

35 (3) A health insurer may vary premium rates for a particular
36 health benefit plan from its index rate based only on the following
37 actuarially justified plan-specific factors:

(A) The actuarial value and cost-sharing design of the healthbenefit plan.

1 (B) The health benefit plan's provider network, delivery system 2 characteristics, and utilization management practices. 3 (C) The benefits provided under the health benefit plan that are 4 in addition to the essential health benefits, as defined pursuant to 5 Section 1302 of PPACA and Section 10112.27. These additional benefits shall be pooled with similar benefits within the single risk 6 7 pool required under paragraph (1) and the claims experience from 8 those benefits shall be utilized to determine rate variations for 9 plans that offer those benefits in addition to essential health 10 benefits. (D) With respect to catastrophic plans, as described in subsection 11 12 (e) of Section 1302 of PPACA, the expected impact of the specific 13 eligibility categories for those plans. (E) Administrative costs, excluding any user fees required by 14 15 the Exchange. (i) This section shall only apply with respect to individual health 16 17 benefit plans for policy years on or after January 1, 2014. 18 (j) This section shall not apply to a grandfathered health plan. 19 (k) If Section 5000A of the Internal Revenue Code, as added by Section 1501 of PPACA, is repealed or amended to no longer 20 21 apply to the individual market, as defined in Section 2791 of the 22 federal Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 300gg-91), subdivisions (a), (b), and (g) shall become inoperative 12 months 23 after the date of that repeal or amendment and individual health 24 25 care benefit plans shall thereafter be subject to Sections 10901.2, 26 10951, and 10953. 27 SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to 28 Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because 29 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school 30 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or 31 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 32 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within 33 34 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California 35 Constitution. 36 SECTION 1. Section 1569.31 of the Health and Safety Code 37 is amended to read:

38 1569.31. (a) The regulations for a license shall prescribe

39 standards of safety and sanitation for the physical plant and

- 1 standards for basic care and supervision, personal care, and services
- 2 to be provided.
- 3 (b) The department's regulations shall allow for the development 4 of new and innovative community programs.
- 5 (c) In adopting regulations that implement this chapter, the
- 6 department shall provide flexibility to allow facilities conducted
- 7 by and exclusively for adherents of a well-recognized church or
- 8 religious denomination who rely solely on prayer or spiritual means
- 9 for healing to operate a licensed residential care facility for the
- 10 elderly.

Ο